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Acculturation Strategies and Arab Youth Cultural Identity Development: A Review

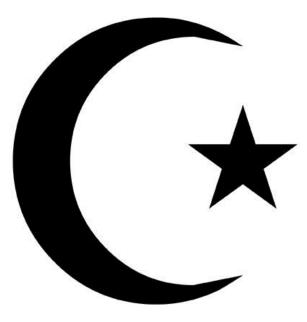
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Acculturation Strategies and Arab Youth Cultural Identity Development: A Review **Riham Al-Saadi University of Windsor**

ABSTRACT

As youth immigrate to a new country, they tend to acculturate in various ways. By definition, acculturation is "the processes through which immigrants gradually adapt their language, behavior and/or values as a result of their contact with the mainstream culture" (Wang et al., 2012). Immigrant youth adopt one of four acculturation strategies, namely assimilation, separation, integration and marginalization (Berry & Sabatier, 2010; Coatsworth & Maldonado-Molina, 2005; Wang et al., 2012). Research has shown that adopting an integrated profile with a balance between both heritage and mainstream cultures translates into greater psychological and socio-cultural adaptation. Synthesized information from research on immigrant youths' adaptation also holds that the acculturation strategy that they adopt influences their cultural identity development, stability or change. Cultural identity is composed of the immigrant youth's ethnic identity; shaped by their culture of origin; and their national identity; identity supported by the larger society (Berry & Sabatier, 2010; Berry, 2006; Britto & Amer, 2007; Wang et al., 2012). The purpose of this poster is to provide a greater insight into existing research on Arab youths' identity development and how this is shaped by the acculturation strategy that they adopt. This can be a base for future research on the stability or fluidity of Arab youth cultural identity development and factors leading to youths' successful acculturation.

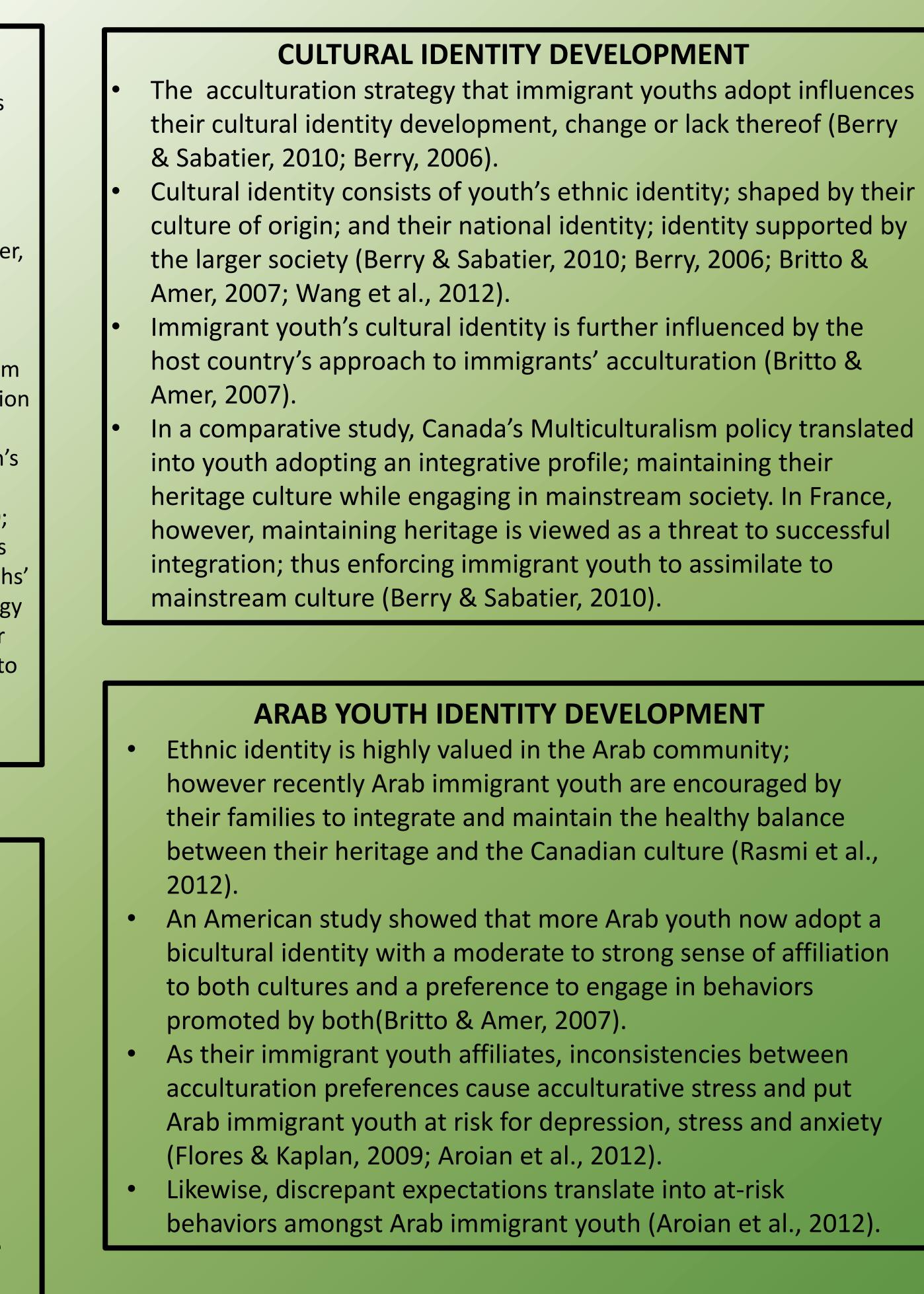
INTRODUCTION

According to Statistics Canada, by 2030 over 80% of Canada's population growth will be due to immigration (National Post, 2012). Arab youth comprise a major proportion of immigrant youth population here in Canada (Paterson & Hakim-Larson, 2012). This, in turn, would be an essential influence on the clientele base in need for psychological services in future. Therefore, a more in depth understanding of immigrants' acculturation experience is critical to enhance our cultural competence as professionals in healthcare and social services. Important themes to consider in this literature review are acculturation strategies, cultural identity development and the social goals and values of Arab families and youth.

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References

ARAB FAMILIES ACCULTURATION

- Arabs' acculturation is influenced by both value discrepancies as well as multiple social and policy changes that impacted their lives(Paterson & Hakim-Larson, 2012).
- The occurrence of September 11th events has challenged Arabs' acculturation experiences due to facing stereotypical views based on these. Over the years, and with collaborative efforts between Arabs and other members of the Canadian society, these experiences have minimized (Aroian et al., 2011; Britto & Amer, 2007).

SOCIAL GOALS AND VALUES

The primary social goal of Arab immigrant youth is obedience; Arab youth are socialized to follow their families' guidance and look for their acceptance; they are more interconnected with their families than their non-Arab counterparts (Aroian et al.; Berry, 2006; Paterson & Hakim-Larson, 2012; Rasmi et al., 2012). Enculturation process involved in Arab orientation is highly imperative; the adoption of Arab values and practices of promoting dignity, honor and family reputation, is related to greater family support and, in turn, more effective adjustment to the new culture amongst Arab Canadian youth (Paterson & Hakim-Larson, 2012).

Implications

A literature review will have implications on all levels of practice. At the micro level, it will provide a more in-depth understanding of Arab youth's unique experiences, upon which meaningful patterns between acculturative strategies and cultural identity may be drawn. As well, meaningful patterns can also be drawn between the effectiveness of the acculturation strategy adopted and how this impacts the unique experiences of Arab youth. At the mezzo level, gaining greater insight into Arab youths' values and beliefs would assist in conducting a needs assessment upon which more effective programs and services could be developed. At the macro level, more funding could be attributed to programs and services targeting Arab youth, and the literature review may enact a new social policy change nationwide.